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Environmental and Infrastructure Solutions



Solving PCB Impediments to Decommissioning

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Plan Decommissioning Effectively

- Generation capacity studies
- Transmission & distribution studies
- Utility isolation and conversion
- Investment recovery interests
- Project permitting / notifications
- Environmental assessment
- Infrastructure abatement/remediation
- Structural demolition approach
- Salvage recovery options
- Transportation routing
- Redevelopment coordination
- Regulatory agency coordination





Avoid Surprises That Derail Projects

Example: Contractor selected for demolition based on investment recovery, with payment based on demo cost vs. asset value recovery

- Issue: Localized PCB spills later found to be widespread. Assessment had identified PCBs but bid specs vague on how to handle.
- **Result:** Contractor assumed painted steel unregulated for salvage but later realized it was, stopped for EPA guidance, resulting in schedule/cost impact and salvage value loss.
- **Remedy:** Contract dispute / litigation, with consultant then pulled in to help sort it out.



Structure Project Risks For Success

- Accept Risk Owner takes responsibility for gaps and change orders.
- Assign Risk Owner gives contractor responsibility for gaps and up/downsides.
- Allocate Risk Owner and contractor agree to risk/reward sharing approach.





PCB in Oil-Filled Equipment

- Scenario: Plant oil-filled transformers, capacitors, regulators, and breakers had to be managed during demolition.
- **Options**: Continued use per 761.30 authorizations or disposal per 761.60.
- Solution: Included equipment inventory and handling instructions in bid specs.
- Result: Contractor drained free flowing oil and decontaminated equipment for recycling/disposal without incident.



PCB On Oily Equipment

- Scenario: PCB > 50 (not from paint) on 87 tons of pumps, coolers, etc. from oiling, impeding equipment reuse/salvage.
- **Options**: Disposal/smelting per 761.60 or decon for unrestricted use per 761.79.
- Solution: Identified TSCA risk from predemo assessment. Structured risk/reward bid specs to allow decon alternatives.
- **Result**: Contractor grit blasted equipment to NACE Standard 2 allowing 78 of 87 tons to be recycled instead of TSCA landfilled.





PCB in Valve Grease

- Scenario: PCB > 50 ppm in valve grease on a few valves, 800+ more not sampled, impeding equipment salvage/recycling.
- **Options**: Disposal/smelting per 761.60, decon per 761.79, or something else...
- **Solution**: Identified the unquantified risk in specs, assigned contractor to figure it out.
- **Result**: Contractor sampled more to build statistical case for non-TSCA classification of valves, enabling salvage vs landfilling.





Concrete Affected by PCB Spills

- Scenario: PCB > 1 ppm in plant concrete floors impeding concrete recycling/reuse.
- **Options**: Removal as porous remediation waste under 761.61(a), 61(b), or 61(c)
- Solution: Structured bid specs to lead contractor to select most effective method to achieve remediation goal.
- **Result**: Scabbled /shotblasted 3K SF floor to 1 ppm, enabling unrestricted reuse and disposal during building adaptive reuse.





Concrete Affected by PCB Spills (Cont.)

- Scenario: PCB > 1 ppm in plant concrete floors impeded continued use of floor.
- Options: 761.30(p) continued use and 761.61(c) risk-based remediation option for floors that had to remain in service.
- **Solution**: Double/wash rinse with epoxy; scabbling with reinforcing mat & concrete
- **Result**: PCB in 3K SF floor managed safely in place, remains for eventual disposal.





Non-Liquid PCB in Paint

- Scenario: Electrostatic precipitator demolition halted when PCB found on painted steel with isolated spill concerns, impeding salvage.
- Options: Disposal/smelting per 761.60, NLPCB bulk product waste per 761.61, decon per 761.79, or something else...
- **Solution**: Assessed paint to help further define presence of PCB from spills vs manufacture.
- Result: EPA concurred PCB < 50 ppm likely from manufacture and "excluded PCB product" if not from spill. Demolition moved forward.



Non-Liquid PCB in Caulk

- Scenario: PCB caulk in plant's foundation joints that contaminated adjacent structure impeded in place closure of concrete.
- **Options**: Disposal as PCB waste under 761.60, NLPCB under 761.62, or both.
- Solution: Removed caulk and PCB affected concrete as Bulk Product Waste.
- **Result**: PCB Bulk Product Waste removed so remaining concrete could be disposed of or remain in place without restrictions.





Non-Liquid PCB in Galbestos

- Scenario: Plant bath with PCB thought to contaminate ventilation shafts difficult to clean. Galbestos (Aroclor 1268) panels discovered to be impeding the cleanup.
- **Options**: Dispose as PCB Waste per 761.60 or Bulk Product Waste per 761.62.
- Solution: Instructed contractor to dispose of NLPCB and managed impacted substrate (e.g., concrete) as remediation waste.
- **Result**: Galbestos removal enabled PCB cleanup and continued ventilation shaft use.





PCB in Insulation/Adhesives/Mastics

- Scenario: Adhesive/mastic with PCB Aroclor 1262 > 50 ppm found during demolition of plant boiler foundation.
- **Options**: Disposal as 761.60 PCB Waste, or 761.62 NLPCB Bulk Product Waste along with affected concrete substrate.
- **Solution**: NLPCB product not authorized for use. Not identified in specs.
- **Result**: Appropriate PCB cleanup and waste disposal requiring change order.





PCB in Drainage Systems

- Scenario: PCB in plant drainage system impairing for storm water management.
- **Options**: Removal 761.60 PCB waste or remediation waste 61a, b, c options.
- Solution: Bid specs isolated system for contractor use during plant demolition.
 System removed as later demo phase.
- Result: Contractor had to construct their own stormwater controls / treatment system for a multi-year project.





Consider Potential PCB Impediments

- Worker safety requirements
- Distribution in commerce limitations
- Property reuse / transfer concerns
- Regulatory agency interaction
- Salvage value impact
- Decontamination needs
- Disposal cost increases
- Prolonged demolition schedule
- Surprise change orders
- Contract disputes / legal issues



PCB's

Oily liquid, white crystalline solid, or hard resin. Severely irritating. Suspect cancer hazard. Chronic: chloracne, GI disturbances, neurological symptoms, liver enlarge-ment, menstrual changes, bronchitis. Possible reproductive and teratogenic effects.





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